

VILLAGE OF BARODA

BERRIEN COUNTY, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL REPORT March 31, 2022



VILLAGE OF BARODA Berrien County, Michigan March 31, 2022

CONTENTS	<u>PAGE</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-11
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	12
Government-Wide Statement of Activities	13
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	14
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position	15
Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	16
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to Statement of Activities	17
Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position	18
Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	19
Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows	20
Notes to the Financial Statements	21-37
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	38
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Major Street Fund	39
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Local Street Fund	40
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	41
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	42

VILLAGE OF BARODA Berrien County, Michigan March 31, 2022

MANAGEMENT COMPLIANCE LETTER

Independent Auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with <i>Governmental Auditing Standards</i>	43-44
Schedule of Findings and Responses	45-49



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Village Council Village of Baroda Berrien County, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of Baroda, Michigan (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village as of March 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Independent Auditor's Report, Continued

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Independent Auditor's Report, Concluded

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 19, 2022, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Certified Public Accountants

St. Joseph, Michigan October 19, 2022

Using this Annual Report

This report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of Village of Baroda (the "Village") as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Village's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The Village's combined net position increased 3.2% from a year ago, increasing from \$3,588,742 to \$3,702,588. As we look at the governmental activities separately from the business-type activities, we can see that the governmental activities experienced an increase in net position of \$137,802 during the year, while the business-type activities experienced a decrease in net position of \$23,956.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This report consists of four parts: *management's discussion and analysis* (this section), the *basic financial statements, required supplementary information,* and *other supplementary information.* The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Village:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Village's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the Village government, reporting the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - ➤ The *governmental funds statements* tell how general government services like public safety were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - ➤ Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The remainder of the overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Village as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Village's net position and how it has changed, which is one way to measure the Village's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Village's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Village you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the Village's property tax base and condition of the Village's infrastructure.

The government-wide financial statements of the Village are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities Most of the Village's basic services are included here, such as general government, law enforcement, economic development, Village improvements, street improvements, recreation activities, and other Village-wide elected official operations are reported under these activities. Property taxes and state shared revenue finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities These activities operate like private businesses. The Village charges fees to recover the cost of the services provided. The Water Fund and the Sewer Fund make up the business type activities.

As stated previously, the government-wide statements report on an accrual basis of accounting. However, the governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis. Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available to pay obligations of the fiscal period; expenditures are recognized when they are due to be paid from available resources.

Because of the different basis of accounting between the fund statements (described below) and the government-wide statement present reconciliations between the two statement types. The following summarizes the impact of transitioning from modified accrual to full accrual accounting.

- ➤ Capital assets used in governmental activities (depreciation) are not reported on the fund financial statement of the governmental fund. Capital assets and depreciation expense are reported on the government-wide statements.
- ➤ Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on the government-wide statement but is reported on the fund financial statement of the governmental fund. Payments on long-term debt and the usage of compensated absences are reported as expenditures on the fund financial statement of the governmental funds.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Village's most significant funds – not the Village as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Village uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law.
- The Village Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants (i.e., Capital Improvement Fund).

The Village has the following two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds—Most of the Village's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Village's programs. Governmental funds include the General Fund, as well as Special Revenue Funds (used of fund balance is restricted).
- *Proprietary Funds*—Services for which the Village charges customers a fee is generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information. The Village has one type of proprietary fund. Enterprises fund report activities that provide supplies and/or services to the general public. Examples are the Sewer Fund and the Water Fund.

Financial Analysis of the Village as a Whole

In a condensed format, the following table below shows a breakdown of the Village's net position as of March 31st:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary	y Government
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current assets	\$ 581,143	\$ 612,927	\$ 868,478	\$ 812,628	\$ 1,449,621	\$ 1,425,555
Noncurrent assets	2,198,150	2,166,743	867,420	953,026	3,065,570	3,119,769
Total assets	\$ 2,779,293	\$ 2,779,670	\$ 1,735,898	\$ 1,765,654	\$ 4,515,191	\$ 4,545,324
		•				
Current liabilities	\$ 90,124	\$ 217,303	\$ 28,615	\$ 18,502	\$ 118,739	\$ 235,805
Noncurrent liabilities	459,000	470,000	234,864	250,777	693,864	720,777
Total liabilities	\$ 549,124	\$ 687,303	\$ 263,479	\$ 269,279	\$ 812,603	\$ 956,582
Net investment in						
capital assets	\$ 1,728,150	\$ 1,686,743	\$ 624,499	\$ 953,026	\$ 2,352,649	\$ 2,639,769
Restricted net						
position	347,521	332,033	=		347,521	332,033
Unrestricted net						
position	154,498	73,591	847,920	543,349	1,002,418	616,940
Total net position	\$ 2,230,169	\$ 2,092,367	\$ 1,472,419	\$ 1,496,375	\$ 3,702,588	\$ 3,588,742

The Village's current assets increased by \$24,066 from the prior year primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents. Noncurrent assets decreased by \$54,199, largely due to the depreciation of fixed assets. Liabilities decreased by \$143,978, largely due to payments on long-term obligations being made.

Financial Analysis of the Village as a Whole, Concluded

The following table shows the changes in net position for years ended March 31st:

Program Revenues 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 Charges for services Operating grants \$59,204 \$30,718 \$300,048 \$292,656 \$359,252 \$323,374 Operating grants and contributions \$121,849 \$106,666 - - - \$121,849 \$106,666 General Revenues \$219,894 \$204,346 - - - \$219,894 \$204,346 State revenue \$163,462 \$103,574 - - \$163,462 \$103,574 Interest and rentals \$523 \$1,930 \$7,205 \$25,889 \$7,728 \$27,819 Other revenue \$1,913 \$5,670 - - \$1,913 \$5,670 Total Revenues \$566,845 \$452,904 \$307,253 \$318,545 \$874,098 \$771,449 Program Expenses General government \$166,176 \$183,892 - \$- \$166,176 \$183,892 Public safety \$14,837 \$27,554 -		Govern Acti		Busine Activ	-	•	Total 1 Gove			-
Charges for services \$ 59,204 \$ 30,718 \$ 300,048 \$ 292,656 \$ 359,252 \$ 323,374 Operating grants and contributions 121,849 106,666 - - 121,849 106,666 General Revenues Property taxes 219,894 204,346 - - 219,894 204,346 State revenue 163,462 103,574 - - 163,462 103,574 Interest and rentals 523 1,930 7,205 25,889 7,728 27,819 Other revenue 1,913 5,670 - - 1,913 5,670 Total Revenues \$ 566,845 \$ 452,904 \$ 307,253 \$ 318,545 \$ 874,098 \$ 771,449 Program Expenses General government \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 - \$ - \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 Public safety 14,837 27,554 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751		2022	2021	2022	2021		2022			2021
Operating grants and contributions 121,849 106,666 - - 121,849 106,666 General Revenues Property taxes 219,894 204,346 - - 219,894 204,346 State revenue 163,462 103,574 - - 163,462 103,574 Interest and rentals 523 1,930 7,205 25,889 7,728 27,819 Other revenue 1,913 5,670 - - 1,913 5,670 Total Revenues \$ 566,845 \$ 452,904 \$ 307,253 \$ 318,545 \$ 874,098 \$ 771,449 Program Expenses General government \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 * * * \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 Public safety 14,837 27,554 - - 14,837 27,554 Public works 207,119 182,161 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 <td>Program Revenues</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Program Revenues									
and contributions 121,849 106,666 - - 121,849 106,666 General Revenues Property taxes 219,894 204,346 - - 219,894 204,346 State revenue 163,462 103,574 - - 163,462 103,574 Interest and rentals 523 1,930 7,205 25,889 7,728 27,819 Other revenue 1,913 5,670 - - 1,913 5,670 Total Revenues \$ 566,845 \$ 452,904 \$ 307,253 \$ 318,545 \$ 874,098 \$ 771,449 Program Expenses General government \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 \$ - \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 Public safety 14,837 27,554 - - 14,837 27,554 Public works 207,119 182,161 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 <t< td=""><td>_</td><td>\$ 59,204</td><td>\$ 30,718</td><td>\$ 300,048</td><td>\$</td><td>292,656</td><td>\$</td><td>359,252</td><td>\$</td><td>323,374</td></t<>	_	\$ 59,204	\$ 30,718	\$ 300,048	\$	292,656	\$	359,252	\$	323,374
General Revenues Property taxes 219,894 204,346 - - 219,894 204,346 State revenue 163,462 103,574 - - 163,462 103,574 Interest and rentals 523 1,930 7,205 25,889 7,728 27,819 Other revenue 1,913 5,670 - - - 1,913 5,670 Total Revenues \$ 566,845 \$ 452,904 \$ 307,253 \$ 318,545 \$ 874,098 \$ 771,449 Program Expenses General government \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 \$ - \$ \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 Public safety 14,837 27,554 - - 14,837 27,554 Public works 207,119 182,161 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 <	1 00									
Property taxes 219,894 204,346 - - 219,894 204,346 State revenue 163,462 103,574 - - 163,462 103,574 Interest and rentals 523 1,930 7,205 25,889 7,728 27,819 Other revenue 1,913 5,670 - - 1,913 5,670 Total Revenues \$ 566,845 \$ 452,904 \$ 307,253 \$ 318,545 \$ 874,098 \$ 771,449 Program Expenses General government \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 * * * \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 Public safety 14,837 27,554 - - 14,837 27,554 Public works 207,119 182,161 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569		121,849	106,666	-		-		121,849		106,666
State revenue 163,462 103,574 - - 163,462 103,574 Interest and rentals 523 1,930 7,205 25,889 7,728 27,819 Other revenue 1,913 5,670 - - 1,913 5,670 Total Revenues \$ 566,845 \$ 452,904 \$ 307,253 \$ 318,545 \$ 874,098 \$ 771,449 Program Expenses General government \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 \$ - \$ - \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 Public safety 14,837 27,554 - - 14,837 27,554 Public works 207,119 182,161 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389	General Revenues									
Interest and rentals 523 1,930 7,205 25,889 7,728 27,819 Other revenue 1,913 5,670 - - 1,913 5,670 Total Revenues \$ 566,845 \$ 452,904 \$ 307,253 \$ 318,545 \$ 874,098 \$ 771,449 Program Expenses General government \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 - - - \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 Public safety 14,837 27,554 - - 14,837 27,554 Public works 207,119 182,161 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389	Property taxes	219,894	204,346	-		-		219,894		204,346
Other revenue 1,913 5,670 - - 1,913 5,670 Total Revenues \$ 566,845 \$ 452,904 \$ 307,253 \$ 318,545 \$ 874,098 \$ 771,449 Program Expenses General government \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 \$ - \$ - \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 Public safety 14,837 27,554 - - 14,837 27,554 Public works 207,119 182,161 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389	State revenue	163,462	103,574	-		-		163,462		103,574
Total Revenues \$ 566,845 \$ 452,904 \$ 307,253 \$ 318,545 \$ 874,098 \$ 771,449 Program Expenses General government \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 - - - \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 Public safety 14,837 27,554 - - 14,837 27,554 Public works 207,119 182,161 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389	Interest and rentals	523	1,930	7,205		25,889		7,728		27,819
Program Expenses \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 \$ - \$ - \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 Public safety 14,837 27,554 14,837 27,554 Public works 207,119 182,161 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 22,751 13,526 Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389	Other revenue	1,913	5,670	_		-		1,913		5,670
General government \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 - \$ - \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 Public safety 14,837 27,554 - - 14,837 27,554 Public works 207,119 182,161 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389	Total Revenues	\$ 566,845	\$ 452,904	\$ 307,253	\$	318,545	\$	874,098	\$	771,449
General government \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 - \$ - \$ 166,176 \$ 183,892 Public safety 14,837 27,554 - - 14,837 27,554 Public works 207,119 182,161 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389					-					
Public safety 14,837 27,554 - - 14,837 27,554 Public works 207,119 182,161 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389	Program Expenses									
Public works 207,119 182,161 - - 207,119 182,161 Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389	General government	\$ 166,176	\$ 183,892	\$ -	\$	-	\$	166,176	\$	183,892
Recreation and culture 22,751 13,526 - - 22,751 13,526 Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389	Public safety	14,837	27,554	-		-		14,837		27,554
Community and economic development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389	Public works	207,119	182,161	-		-		207,119		182,161
development 1,591 3,117 - - 1,591 3,117 Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389	Recreation and culture	22,751	13,526	-		-		22,751		13,526
Interest 16,569 23,331 - 5,058 16,569 28,389	Community and economic									
	development	1,591	3,117	-		-		1,591		3,117
Sewer - 115,027 106,584 115,027 106,584	Interest	16,569	23,331	-		5,058		16,569		28,389
	Sewer	-		115,027		106,584		115,027		106,584
Water - 216,182 218,878 216,182 218,878	Water	-		216,182		218,878		216,182		218,878
Total Expenses \$ 429,043 \$ 433,581 \$ 331,209 \$ 330,520 \$ 760,252 \$ 764,101	Total Expenses	\$ 429,043	\$ 433,581	\$ 331,209	\$	330,520	\$	760,252	\$	764,101
Change in Net Position \$ 137,802 \$ 19,323 \$ (23,956) \$ (11,975) \$ 113,846 \$ 7,348	Change in Net Position	\$ 137,802	\$ 19,323	\$ (23,956)	\$	(11,975)	\$	113,846	\$	7,348
Beginning Net Position 2,092,367 2,073,044 1,496,375 1,508,350 3,588,742 3,581,394	Beginning Net Position		2,073,044					3,588,742		3,581,394
Ending Net Position \$ 2,230,169 \$ 2,092,367 \$ 1,472,419 \$ 1,496,375 \$ 3,702,588 \$ 3,588,742	Ending Net Position	\$ 2,230,169	\$ 2,092,367	\$ 1,472,419	\$	1,496,375	\$	3,702,588	\$	3,588,742

The Village's revenues increased by \$102,649 from the prior year, mainly due to increased State grants revenue. Total expenses remained relatively consistent with the prior year, decreasing by \$8,409.

Governmental Activities

The Village's total governmental activities revenues increased by \$113,941 from the prior year, due largely to increased State grants revenue.

Governmental activities expenses remained relatively consisted with the prior year, decreasing by \$4,538, due largely to a decrease in expenses for general government.

Revenues

The three largest revenue categories were property taxes at 39%, State revenue at 29% and operating grants and contributions at 21%. The Village levied 9.6166 mills for operations for the year ended March 31, 2022.

Expenses

Public works expended approximately 48% of the governmental activities total and included the department of public works, drains, public street maintenance, and street lighting. An increase from the prior fiscal year is related to greater depreciation expense. General government is the second largest governmental activity, expending approximately 39% of the governmental activities total and includes the Council, President, Clerk, and Treasurer. A decrease from the prior fiscal year is primarily due to lower capital outlay costs for general government.

Business-Type Activities

Net position in business-type activities decreased \$23,956 during the current fiscal year. Of the business-type activities' net position, \$624,499 is invested in capital assets. The balance of \$847,920 is listed as unrestricted, having no legal commitment.

The Village's Funds

Our analysis of the Village's funds begins following the government-wide financial statements. The net changes to the major governmental funds are summarized in the following table:

Fund	Fund		Fund
			Tullu
\$ 124,136	\$ 180,046	\$	19,972
5,060	203,168		23,865
\$ 119,076	\$ (23,122)	\$	(3,893)
\$	5,060	5,060 203,168	5,060 203,168

The Village's Fund, Concluded

- General Fund: This is the primary operating fund of the Village. Unless otherwise required by statute, contractual agreement, or Council policy, all Village revenues and expenditures are recorded in the General Fund. At March 31st, the General Fund reported a fund balance of \$124,136. This fund balance increased by \$119,076 during the current year, primarily due to an increase property taxes and state grant revenues, and a decrease in general government expenditures.
- *Major Street Fund*: At March 31st, the Major Street Fund reported a fund balance of \$180,046. This fund balance decreased by \$23,122 during the current year, primarily due to an increase in street project costs during the year.
- Local Street Fund: At March 31st, the Local Street Fund reported a fund balance of \$19,972. This fund balance decreased by \$3,893 during the current year, primarily due to an increase in street projects during the year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Village of Baroda's budget is a dynamic document. Although adopted in February each year, the budget may be amended during the course of the year to reflect changing operational demands.

The Village's General Fund revenue and other financing sources budget did not change during the fiscal year. Actual General Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded the budget by \$99,611.

The Village's General Fund expenditures budget did not change during the fiscal year. General Fund actual expenditures and other financing uses were within budget, being less than the budgeted amount by \$82,095.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of the fiscal year, the Village had invested \$3,065,570, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets (see table below). Accumulated depreciation was \$3,011,758 (\$999,319 for governmental activities and \$2,012,439 for business-type activities). Depreciation charges for the fiscal year totaled \$170,226 (\$84,620 for governmental activities and \$85,606 for business-type activities). During the year, the Village had additions related to the Lemon Creek Street Project and the Major and Local Streets Funds. Additional information related to capital assets is detailed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Net book value of capital assets at year-end was a follows:

	Govenmental	Business-type	
	Activities	activities	Total
Land	\$ 129,100	\$ 81,110	\$ 210,210
Construction in progress	27,902	-	27,902
Buildings and improvements	29,977	1,500	31,477
Land improvements	47,479	-	47,479
Infrastructure	1,287,949	-	1,287,949
Furniture and equipment	3,833	45,543	49,376
Vehicles	96,587	727,419	824,006
Utility systems	575,323	11,848	587,171
Total	\$ 2,198,150	\$ 867,420	\$ 3,065,570

Outstanding debt during the year was as follows:

	April 1,	CI.	N	farch 31,	
	2021	 Change		2022	
Governmental activities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 480,000	\$ (10,000)	\$	470,000	
Compensated absences	3,600	(3,600)		-	
Business-type activities					
General obligations bonds	219,000	(3,000)		216,000	
Notes from direct borrowings					
and direct placements	31,776	(4,855)		26,921	
Total	\$ 734,376	\$ (21,455)	\$	712,921	

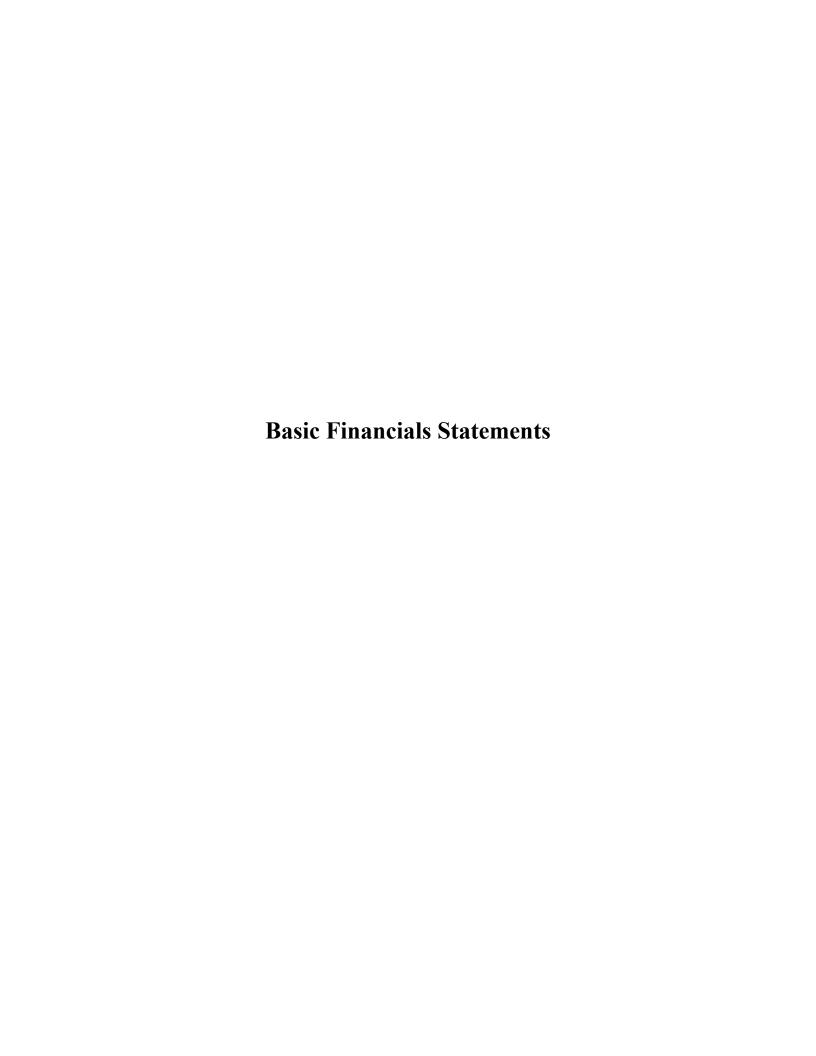
A more detailed discussion of the Village's long-term debt obligation is presented in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Village's budget for 2023 has been modified to reflect the prior year's activities. The Village Council will continue to monitor the budget on a monthly basis to ensure fiscal responsibility.

Contacting the Village's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to show the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Village Hall at 9091 First Street, Baroda, Michigan 49101.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION March 31, 2022

	Primary Government							
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total					
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 476,866	\$ 843,986	\$ 1,320,852					
Receivables	17,585	14,807	32,392					
Due from other governmental units	86,692	-	86,692					
Prepaids	-	9,685	9,685					
Noncurrent assets								
Capital assets not being depreciated	157,002	81,110	238,112					
Capital assets being depreciated, net	2,041,148	786,310	2,827,458					
Total assets	\$ 2,779,293	\$ 1,735,898	\$ 4,515,191					
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 14,596	\$ 17,397	\$ 31,993					
Accrued wages and taxes	11,485	985	12,470					
Unearned revenue	53,043	-	53,043					
Customer deposits payable	-	2,176	2,176					
Noncurrent liabilities								
Long-term obligations, due in one year	11,000	8,057	19,057					
Long-term obligations, due in more than one year	459,000	234,864	693,864					
Total liabilities	\$ 549,124	\$ 263,479	\$ 812,603					
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,728,150	\$ 624,499	\$ 2,352,649					
Restricted for:								
Public works	200,018	-	200,018					
Public safety	42,503	-	42,503					
Capital improvements	105,000	-	105,000					
Unrestricted	154,498	847,920	1,002,418					
Total net position	\$ 2,230,169	\$ 1,472,419	\$ 3,702,588					

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended March 31, 2022

	Progeam Revenues								Primary Government					
		Operating Grants Capital Grants												
			Cl	narges for	and and			G	overnmental	Business-type Activities		Net (Expense) Revenue		
Functions/Programs	E	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities					
Primary Government														
Governmental Activities														
General government	\$	166,176	\$	55,910	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(110,266)	\$	-	\$	(110,266)	
Public safety		14,837		3,294		-	-		(11,543)		-		(11,543)	
Public works		207,119		-		121,849	-		(85,270)		-		(85,270)	
Recreation and culture		22,751		-		-	-		(22,751)		-		(22,751)	
Community and economic development		1,591		-		-	-		(1,591)		-		(1,591)	
Interest		16,569		-		-	-		(16,569)		-		(16,569)	
Total governmental activities	\$	429,043	\$	59,204	\$	121,849	\$ -	\$	(247,990)	\$	-	\$	(247,990)	
Business-Type Activities														
Sewer	\$	115,027	\$	79,633	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(35,394)	\$	(35,394)	
Water		216,182		220,415		_	-		-		4,233		4,233	
Total business-type activities	\$	331,209	\$	300,048	\$	-	\$ -	\$		\$	(31,161)	\$	(31,161)	
Total primary government	\$	760,252	\$	359,252	\$	121,849	\$ -	\$	(247,990)	\$	(31,161)	\$	(279,151)	
	Ger	neral Revenu	ec.											
		roperty taxes						\$	219,894	\$	_	\$	219,894	
		tate revenue						4	163,462	Ψ.	_	Ψ	163,462	
		nterest and re							523		7,205		7,728	
		ther revenue							1,913		-,===		1,913	
		Total gener		zenues				\$	385,792	\$	7,205	\$	392,997	
		Change in						\$	137,802	\$	(23,956)	\$	113,846	
	Net	position-beg						*	2,092,367	-	1,496,375	7	3,588,742	
		position-end						\$	2,230,169	\$	1,472,419	\$	3,702,588	

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET March 31, 2022

			S	Special Rev	enue	Funds				
	General Fund		Ma	Major Street Fund		Local Street Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	197,141	\$	117,311	\$	14	\$	162,400	\$	476,866
Receivables										
Taxes		3,936		-		-		-		3,936
Notes		-		-		-		13,649		13,649
Due from other governmental funds		-		-		-		8,700		8,700
Due from other governments		3,900		62,807		19,985				86,692
Total assets	\$	204,977	\$	180,118	\$	19,999	\$	184,749	\$	589,843
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	14,596	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,596
Accrued wages and taxes		11,386		72		27		-		11,485
Due to other governmental funds		8,700		-		-		-		8,700
Unearned revenue		46,159				-		6,884		53,043
Total liabilities	\$	80,841	\$	72	\$	27	\$	6,884	\$	87,824
Fund Balances										
Restricted for:										
Streets	\$	_	\$	180,046	\$	19,972	\$	_	\$	200,018
Community and economic development		-		_		· -		72,865		72,865
Public safety		42,503		_		_		-		42,503
Capital improvements		´ -		_		_		105,000		105,000
Unassigned		81,633		_		_		-		81,633
Total fund balances	\$	124,136	\$	180,046	\$	19,972	\$	177,865	\$	502,019
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	204,977	\$	180,118	\$	19,999	\$	184,749	\$	589,843

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION March 31, 2022

\$ 2,230,169

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	502,019
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Net capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	2	2,198,150
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.		(470,000)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended March 31, 2022

		Special Revenue Funds									
	General Fund		Ma	njor Street Fund		cal Street Fund		fonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues		_				_					
Property taxes	\$	219,894	\$	-	\$	-	\$	=	\$	219,894	
Licenses and permits		55,910		-		-		=		55,910	
State grants		163,462		92,626		29,223		=		285,311	
Charges for services		2,560		-		-		734		3,294	
Fines and forfeits		100		-		-		-		100	
Interest income		473		50		-		-		523	
Other		1,813		-		_				1,813	
Total revenues	\$	444,212	\$	92,676	\$	29,223	\$	734	\$	566,845	
Expenditures											
General government	\$	159,520	\$	_	\$	-	\$	=	\$	159,520	
Public safety		14,837		-		-		=		14,837	
Public works		101,624		115,798		33,116		=		250,538	
Recreation and culture		17,395		-		-		=		17,395	
Community and economic											
development		1,591		-		-		=		1,591	
Debt service											
Principal		10,000		-		-		_		10,000	
Interest		20,169		-		-		-		20,169	
Total expenditures	\$	325,136	\$	115,798	\$	33,116	\$		\$	474,050	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	119,076	\$	(23,122)	\$	(3,893)	\$	734	\$	92,795	
Fund Balances, beginning of year		5,060		203,168		23,865		177,131		409,224	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	124,136	\$	180,046	\$	19,972	\$	177,865	\$	502,019	
•											

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended March 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 92,795
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures: in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation;	
Depreciation expense	(84,620)
Capital outlay	116,027
Principal payments on long-term debt are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the payments reduce long-term debt in the statement of net position and do not affect the statement of activities.	10,000
Some items reported in the statement of activites do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are nor reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:	
Decrease in compensated absences	 3,600
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 137,802

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Year Ended MARCH 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities					
Assets	Se	wer Fund		ater Fund		Total
Current assets		,				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	466,372	\$	377,614	\$	843,986
Accounts receivables		1,232		13,575		14,807
Prepaids		2,620		7,065		9,685
Total current assets	\$	470,224	\$	398,254	\$	868,478
Noncurrent assets						
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	81,110	\$	_	\$	81,110
Capital assets, net of occumulated depreciation		389,804		396,506		786,310
Total noncurrent assets	\$	470,914	\$	396,506	\$	867,420
Total Assets	\$	941,138	\$	794,760	\$	1,735,898
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	1,256	\$	16,141	\$	17,397
Accrued liabilities		513		472		985
Customer deposits payable		-		2,176		2,176
Current portion of long-term debt		-		8,057		8,057
Total curent liabilities	\$	1,769	\$	26,846	\$	28,615
Noncurrent liabilities						
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt				234,864		234,864
Total Liabilities	\$	1,769	\$	261,710	\$	263,479
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	470,914	\$	153,585	\$	624,499
Unrestricted	,	468,455	•	379,465	-	847,920
Total Net Position	\$	939,369	\$	533,050	\$	1,472,419

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Year Ended MARCH 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities				
	Se	ewer Fund		ater Fund	Total
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$	79,633	\$	220,415	\$ 300,048
Rental revenue		_		6,225	6,225
Total operating revenues	\$	79,633	\$	226,640	\$ 306,273
Operating expenses					
Personnel services	\$	7,821	\$	3,972	\$ 11,793
Supplies		2,753		3,232	5,985
Contractual services		33,093		31,211	64,304
Administrative services		1,414		, -	1,414
Repairs and maintenance		17,786		18,136	35,922
Utilities		5,415		118,130	123,545
Depreciation		46,745		38,861	85,606
Total operating expenses	\$	115,027	\$	213,542	\$ 328,569
Operating income (loss)	\$	(35,394)	\$	13,098	\$ (22,296)
Nonoperating revenue (Expenses)					
Investment earnings	\$	738	\$	242	\$ 980
Interest expense		=		(2,640)	(2,640)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	738	\$	(2,398)	\$ (1,660)
Change in net position	\$	(34,656)	\$	10,700	\$ (23,956)
Net position, beginning of year		974,025		522,350	1,496,375
Net position, end of year	\$	939,369	\$	533,050	\$ 1,472,419

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended MARCH 31, 2022

	Bus	iness-type Activ	ities
	Sewer	Water	Total
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 78,029	\$ 224,023	\$ 302,052
Cash paid to employees	183,904	(16,318)	167,586
Cash paid to suppliers	(59,543)	(169,791)	(229,334)
Net cash flows from by operating activities	\$ 202,390	\$ 37,914	\$ 240,304
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			
Principal paid on debt	\$ -	\$ (7,855)	\$ (7,855)
Interest paid on debt	_	(2,640)	(2,640)
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	\$ -	\$ (10,495)	\$ (10,495)
Cash flows form investing activities			
Interest received	738	242	980
Net cash flows from investing activities	\$ 738	\$ 242	\$ 980
Net change in cash during the year	\$ 203,128	\$ 27,661	\$ 230,789
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	263,244	349,953	613,197
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 466,372	\$ 377,614	\$ 843,986
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net			
cash flows from operating activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (35,394)	\$ 13,098	\$ (22,296)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		,	. ()
net cash provided (used) by operating activities		20.011	0.7.
Depreciation	46,745	38,861	85,606
(Increase) Decrease in:	(510)	(2.616)	(2.120)
Accounts receivable	(512)	(2,616)	(3,128)
Prepaid expenses	(1,092)	(1,636)	(2,728)
Due to/from governmental funds	180,793	(12.246)	180,793
Due to/from other proprietary funds	12,346	(12,346)	-
Increase (decrease) in:	(400)	2.505	2 001
Accounts payable	(496)	2,587	2,091
Customer deposits	-	(34)	(34)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 202,390	\$ 37,914	\$ 240,304

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Village of Baroda (the "Village") is governed by a Village Council which consists of a President, Pro-Tem, and five trustees. The Village provides, or contributes to the providing of, the following services to its residents as provided by statute: sewer, water, garbage, streets, planning and zoning, general administrative and other services.

The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to municipalities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Village's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Village and its component units, entities for which the Village is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Village's operations, so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the Village. The Village currently has no separate legal entities for which it is financially accountable.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements, Concluded

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual—that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Property taxes, state-shared revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation, Continued

Property Taxes – The Village's property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on July 1st, on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by State statutes) located in the Village and payable by September 14th. The Village's current year ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on July 1st of each year.

Village property tax revenue is recognized as revenue in the current year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2022 taxable valuation of the Village totaled \$23,289,472, on which ad valorem taxes levied which consisted of 9.6166 mills for the Village's operating purposes. This amount is recognized in the General Fund's financial statements as taxes receivable or as tax revenue.

The Village reports the following major funds:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – The General Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Village which are not accounted for in the other funds. Revenues are primarily derived from general property taxes, other local taxes, licenses and permits, local revenue sharing, and fees and revenues from the State of Michigan.

Major Street Fund – The Major Street Fund accounts for the use of allocated state gas and weight taxes used for the maintenance and construction of major streets within the Village.

Local Street Fund – The Local Street Fund accounts for the use of allocated state gas and weight taxes used for the maintenance and construction of local streets within the Village.

Proprietary Funds:

Sewer Fund – The Sewer Fund is used to account for the activities of the Village's sewage collection system.

Water Fund – The Water Fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the Village.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation, Concluded

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water and sewer functions and various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for sales and services. The water fund also recognizes the portion of tap fees intended to recover current costs (e.g., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as non-operating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenue and expenses.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

<u>Bank Deposits and Investments</u>—Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Cash equivalents includes amounts held with Michigan Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System ("CLASS"). Investments are stated at acquisition value and consist only of certificates of deposit with original maturities of greater than 90 days.

Receivables and Payables—In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes for the Village and Berrien County are levied on July 1st of each year. Delinquent taxes are returned to the Village upon settlement with Berrien County.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>—Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Capital Assets</u>—Capital assets, which include land, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., sewer and water systems, streets and similar items) are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are also presented in the proprietary fund statements. Assets having a useful life in excess of two years and whose costs exceed \$500 are capitalized. Capital assets are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost where actual cost information is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend an asset's useful life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related assets.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity, Continued

Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current year, there was no interest that was capitalized.

Depreciation on the capital assets of the primary government is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building Improvements	15 to 50 years
Equipment	20 to 40 years
Vehicles	5 to 15 years
Infrastructure - streets	10 to 20 years
Infrastructure - sewer and water systems	40 years

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u>—In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as expenditures.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>—In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of sources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity, Continued

<u>Fund Equity</u>—The Village follows the provisions of GASB Statement Number 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

The following are the Village's fund balance classifications:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by what the external resource provides (for example grant providers, constitutionally, or through enabling legislation). Effectively, restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the government taking the same formal action that imposed constraint originally.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – is the residual classification for General Fund. This classification represents governmental fund balances that have not been assigned to other funds or that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the respective governmental fund balances.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONCLUDED

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity, Concluded

<u>Fund Equity Flow Assumption</u>—Sometimes the Village will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Village's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Net Position Flow Assumption—Sometimes the Village will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts of net position to report as restricted and unrestricted in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Village's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

<u>Estimates</u>—The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, as well as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The General Fund and major Special Revenue Fund budgets shown as required supplementary information to the financial statements were prepared on a basis consistent with the modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results. The Village employs the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- Prior to April 1, the Village Council (the "Council") prepares the proposed operating budgets for the fiscal year commencing April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and resources to finance them.
- A Public Hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments.
- Prior to April 1, the budgets are legally adopted with passage by Council vote.
- After the budgets are adopted, all transfers of budgeted amounts between accounts within a fund or activity or any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a fund or activity must be approved by the Council.
- The Village does not employ encumbrance accounting as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Appropriations unused at March 31 are not carried forward to the following fiscal year.
- Budgeted amounts are reported as originally adopted or as amended by the Council during the year. Individual amendments were appropriately approved by the Council in accordance with required procedures.

The budget document presents information by fund function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing board (i.e. the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the Village to have its budget in place by January 1st. Expenditures in excess of the amounts budgeted is a violation of P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18(1) as amended.

State law permits the Village to amend its budgets during the year. There were no amendments made during the current year.

<u>Fund Balance / Net Position Deficits</u>—The Village has no accumulated fund balance/net position deficits in their reported funds.

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village maintains some cash balances using sweep accounts to invest idle cash in U.S. Government backed securities. Non-sweep accounts at each institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to \$250,000. As of March 31, 2022, \$786,135 of the Village's bank deposit balance of \$1,356,801 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was in excess of FDIC coverage limits.

Custodial Credit Risk – **Investments.** For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village faces no such risk in the current year.

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the Village will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by designing the investment portfolio with the objective of obtaining a rate of return throughout the budgetary and economic cycles, considering the investment risk constraints and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio.

		Weighted Average
Investment type	Fair value	Maturity (Years)
Primary government		
Michigan CLASS Investment Pool	\$ 26,465	0.1296

Credit Risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations ("NRSROs").

,		Standard & Poor's
Investment type	Fair value	Rating
Primary government		
Michigan CLASS Investment Pool	\$ 26,465	AAAm

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Village will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Foreign Currency Risk. The Village is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, CONCLUDED

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value Per Share. The Village also holds shares or interests in the Michigan CLASS investment pool which invests in U.S. Treasury obligations, federal agency obligations of the U.S. government, high-grade commercial paper (rated "A1" or better), collateralized bank deposits, repurchase agreements (collateralized at 102 percent by treasuries and agencies), and approved money market funds. The program is designed to meet the needs of Michigan public sector investors. It purchases securities that are legally permissible under state statues and are available for investment by Michigan counties, cities, Villages, school districts, authorities, and other public agencies.

At the year ended March 31, 2022, the fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption rules of those investments are as follows:

					Redemtion	
			Un	funded	Frequency, if	Redemtion
Investment type	Fa	ir value	Comi	mitments	Elegible	Notice Period
Primary government						
Michigan CLASS Investment Pool	\$	26,465	\$	-	No restrictions	None

The cash and cash equivalents and investments referred to above have been reported in either the cash and cash equivalents or investments captions on the financial statements, based upon criteria in Note 1. The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of March 31, 2022:

ъ.

	Primary
	government
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,320,852
Total	\$1,320,852

NOTE 4. NOTES RECEIVABLE

On February 1, 2018 the Village loaned a business \$40,000. Payments of \$800, including interest of 4.00%, are due in monthly installments through February 2023. The loan was collateralized with the business property.

On August 10, 2020 the Village loaned a business \$8,700. Variable payments including interest of 1.00% are due in monthly installments through February 2026. The loan was collateralized with business property.

NOTE 4. NOTES RECEIVABLE, CONCLUDED

Annual payments due to the Village in accordance with the promissory notes are as follows:

Year Ending March 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 8,558	\$ 211	\$ 8,769
2024	1,793	30	1,823
2025	1,494	109	1,603
2026	299		299
	\$12,144	\$ 350	\$12,494

NOTE 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The composition of interfund receivables is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	
Revolving Loan Fund	General Fund	\$ 8,700
Total		\$ 8,700

The General Fund owes the Revolving Loan Fund for expenditures paid but not yet reimbursed.

NOTE 6. CORONAVIRUS STATE AND LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUNDS

The Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) program, a part of the American Rescue Plan Act, delivered \$350 billion to state, local, and Tribal governments across the country to support their response to and recovery from the COVID-19 public health emergency. The Village received \$46,159 from the program for the year ended March 31, 2022. The total expenditures incurred during the fiscal year was \$0. Accordingly, the \$46,159 is reported as unearned revenue as of March 31, 2022.

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the current year ended March 31st was as follows:

]	Beginning						Ending
		Balance	Α	dditions	Disp	osals		Balance
Governmental Activities								_
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	129,100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	129,100
Construction in progress				27,902		-		27,902
Subtotal	\$	129,100	\$	27,902	\$	-	\$	157,002
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Building and improvements	\$	80,690	\$	_	\$	_	\$	80,690
Land improvements	Ψ	146,128	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	4	146,128
Infrastructure		1,677,883		88,125		_		1,766,008
Vehicles		5,000		´ -		-		5,000
Furniture and equipment		433,739		-		-		433,739
Utility systems		608,902		-		-		608,902
Subtotal	\$	2,952,342	\$	88,125	\$	-	\$	3,040,467
Accumulated depreciation:								
Building and improvements	\$	(48,557)	\$	(2,156)	\$	-	\$	(50,713)
Land improvements		(93,780)		(4,869)		-		(98,649)
Infrastructure		(434,528)		(43,531)		-		(478,059)
Vehicles		(667)		(500)		-		(1,167)
Furniture and equipment		(323,499)		(13,653)		-		(337,152)
Utility systems		(13,668)		(19,911)				(33,579)
Subtotal	\$	(914,699)	\$	(84,620)	\$		\$	(999,319)
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$	2,037,643	\$	3,505	\$	-	\$	2,041,148
Net capital assets	\$	2,166,743	\$	31,407	\$	-	\$	2,198,150
Depreciation was charged to programs	for	the governme	enta	l-type activ	rities as	s follow	rs:	
General government	\$	6,656						
Public works		72,608						
Recreation and culture		5,356						
Total	\$	84,620						

CAPITAL ASSETS, CONCLUDED **NOTE 7.**

	Beginning					Ending
	Balance	I	ncreases	Dec	reases	Balance
Business-Type Activities			<u></u>			
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 81,110	\$		\$	-	\$ 81,110
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvement	\$ 4,500	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 4,500
Furniture and equipment	231,244		-		-	231,244
Utility systems	2,531,411		_		_	2,531,411
Vehicles	31,594		-		-	31,594
Subtotal	\$ 2,798,749	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 2,798,749
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvement	\$ (2,550)	\$	(450)	\$	_	\$ (3,000)
Furniture and equipment	(159,549)		(26,152)		_	(185,701)
Utility systems	(1,748,147)		(55,845)		_	(1,803,992)
Vehicles	(16,587)		(3,159)		_	(19,746)
Subtotal	\$ (1,926,833)	\$	(85,606)	\$	-	\$ (2,012,439)
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$ 871,916	\$	(85,606)	\$		\$ 786,310
Net capital assets	\$ 953,026	\$	(85,606)	\$	_	\$ 867,420

Sewer system	\$ 46,745
Water system	38,861
Total	\$ 85,606

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations (including current portion) of the Village for the year ended March 31, 2022:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Direct borrowing and direct placements General Obligation Bonds 2019 Capital Improvement Bonds \$517,000 Capital Improvement Bonds dated July 30, 2019, due in annual installments ranging from \$10,000 to \$27,000 annually thorugh July 1, 2049, with interest of 3.50%, payable semi-annually. Compensated absences Total governmental activities	\$ 480,000 3,600 \$ 483,600	\$ - - \$ -	\$ (10,000) (3,600) \$ (13,600)	\$ 470,000 - \$ 470,000	\$ 11,000 - - \$ 11,000
Business-type Activities Direct borrowings and direct placements Revenue Bonds 2019 Water Revenue Bonds \$222,000 Water Revenue Bonds dated July 30, 2019, due in annual installments ranging from \$3,000 to \$11,000 annually through July 1, 2059 with interest of 2.75%, payable semi-annually. Notes payable 2017 NRWA Revolving Loan The Village borrowed funds from the National Rural Water Association Revolving Loan Fund in the amount of \$50,000 on January 27, 2017, due in monthly installments ranging from \$391 to \$482 through March 1, 2027, plus interest	\$ 219,000	\$ -	\$ (3,000)	\$ 216,000	\$ 3,000
of 3.00% paid monthly.	31,776	-	(4,855)	\$ 26,921	5,057
Total business-type activities	\$ 250,776	\$ -	\$ (7,855)	\$ 242,921	\$ 8,057
Total	734,376		(21,455)	712,921	19,057

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, CONCLUDED

The annual requirements to pay the debt principal and interest outstanding for the bonds and loans are as follows:

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities					
	D	Direct borrowings and direct			D	Direct borrowings and direc				
Year Ending		place	ment	S		place	ments	8		
March 31,	F	Principal		Interest	I	Principal		Interest		
2023	\$	11,000	\$	17,203	\$	8,057	\$	6,636		
2024		11,000		16,818		8,211		6,399		
2025		11,000		16,433		8,369		6,159		
2026		12,000		16,030		9,532		5,898		
2027		12,000		15,610		9,752		5,620		
2028-2032		69,000		71,138		20,000		25,985		
2033-2037		81,000		58,013		23,000		23,114		
2038-2042		97,000		42,508		25,000		19,732		
2043-2047		115,000		16,867		30,000		15,950		
2048-2052		51,000		3,693		34,000		11,606		
2053-2057		-		-		39,000		6,586		
2058-2060						28,000		1,237		
	\$	470,000	\$	274,313	\$	242,921	\$	134,922		

NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Village carries insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in either of the past two fiscal years.

NOTE 10. TAX ABATEMENTS

As of March 31, 2022, management has evaluated tax abatements related to the Village and determined there are no tax abatements for disclosure.

NOTE 11. CONSTRUCTION CODE FEES

The Village oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's construction code act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The Village charges fees for these services. Beginning January 2000, the law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs.

NOTE 11. CONSTRUCTION CODE FEES, CONCLUDED

A summary of construction code act transactions for the year ended March 31, 2022, is as follows:

Balance at April 1, 2021	\$ 24,222
Revenues	
Bulding and mechanical permits	48,676
Less Expenditures	
Inspections	(21,711)
Indirect costs	(8,684)
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$ 42,503

NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village participates in the Michigan Village Participating Plan (the Plan) with other municipalities for auto, employee benefits, property, public officials, electronic data processing (EDP), crime, inland marine, boiler and machinery, law enforcement, and liability losses. The Plan is organized under Public Act 138 of 1982, as amended. Settled claims relating to this insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Village also carries commercial insurance for the workers' compensation losses. Settled claims relating to this insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 13. UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Village is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Village's financial statements for the year ending March 31, 2023.

NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through October 14, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No events or transactions occurred during this period which require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND Year Ended March 31, 2022

Property taxes			Original Budget	Fin	nal Budget		Actual		iance with al Budget
Dicease and permits 28,978 35,910 26,932 103,574 103,574 103,6		_		_		_		_	
State grams		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Charges for services Fines and foreits 3,371 3,371 2,560 (811) Fines and foreits 100	-								
Process of Contents									
Materian			3,3/1		3,3/1				
Other Total revenues 2,300 2,380 1,813 (567) Total revenues \$343,551 \$343,551 \$444,212 \$100,661 Expenditures Council \$6,109 \$6,109 \$9,497 \$3,388) President 17,940 17,940 \$7,100 19,019 Clerk 64,388 64,388 45,169 19,019 Clerk 64,388 64,388 45,169 19,019 Teasurer 685 685 13,560 12,875 Buildings and grounds 23,594 23,594 15,173 8,421 Autit 23,333 23,333 20,676 2,566 Other 105,060 105,060 43,625 61,435 Audit 23,333 23,333 20,767 2,566 Other 105,060 105,060 43,625 61,435 Total general government 4,033 4,433 3,63 3,670 Public safety 2,144,002 1,440 3,64 3,64 3,64			002		002				
Total revenues									
Section Sect		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Council \$ 6,109 \$ 6,109 \$ 9,497 \$ (3,388) President 17,940 17,940 7,711 10,229 Clerk 64,388 64,388 45,369 19,019 Treasurer 685 685 13,560 (12,875) Buildings and grounds 23,594 23,594 15,173 8,421 Attorney 8,416 8,416 3,818 4,598 Audit 23,333 23,333 20,767 2,566 Other 105,060 105,060 43,625 61,435 Total general government 8 249,525 \$ 249,525 \$ 159,520 \$ 90,005 Public Safety \$ 270,525 \$ 249,525 \$ 159,520 \$ 90,005 Public Safety \$ 249,525 \$ 249,525 \$ 159,520 \$ 90,005 Public Safety \$ 249,525 \$ 249,525 \$ 159,520 \$ 90,005 Public Safety \$ 21,400 \$ 1,400 \$ 14,400 \$ 14,400 \$ 14,400 \$ 14,400 \$ 14,400 \$ 14,400 \$ 14,400	Expenditures								
President 17,940 17,940 7,711 10,229 Clerk 64,388 64,388 45,369 19,019 Treasurer 685 64,388 45,369 19,019 Buildings and grounds 23,594 23,594 15,173 8,421 Audit 23,333 23,333 20,767 2,566 Other 105,060 105,060 43,625 61,435 Total general government \$249,525 \$29,525 \$159,520 \$90,005 Public Safety Police and fire \$14,400 \$12,717 \$14,400 \$14,400 \$14,400 \$14,400 \$12,717 \$14,400 \$14,400 \$12,717 \$14,400 \$12,717 \$14,400 \$12,717 <t< td=""><td>General Government</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	General Government								
Clerk 64,388 64,388 45,369 19,019 Treasurer 685 685 13,560 (12,875) Buildings and grounds 23,594 23,594 15,173 8,421 Attorney 8,416 8,416 3,818 4,598 Audit 23,333 23,333 20,767 2,566 Other 105,060 105,060 43,625 61,435 Total general government \$249,525 \$249,525 \$159,520 \$90,005 Public Safety \$14,400 <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td>		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Treasurer 685 685 13,560 (12,875) Buildings and grounds 23,594 23,594 15,173 8,421 Attorney 8,416 8,416 3,818 4,598 Audit 23,333 22,333 20,767 2,566 Other 105,060 105,060 43,625 61,435 Total general government \$249,525 \$249,525 \$159,520 \$90,005 Public Safety Police and fire \$14,400 \$14,400 \$- \$14,400 Ordinance enforcement 4,033 4,033 363 3,670 Inspections 9,121 9,121 14,474 (5,353) Total public safety \$27,554 \$27,554 \$14,837 \$12,717 Public works \$94,445 \$94,445 \$94,445 \$94,445 \$94,445 \$94,445 \$94,445 \$94,445 \$94,445 \$94,445 \$94,445 \$17,395 \$1,326 Highways and streets \$3,691 3,691 3,691 3,974 \$2,832 \$									
Buildings and grounds 23,594 23,594 15,173 8,421 Attorney 8,416 8,416 3,818 4,598 Audit 23,333 23,333 20,676 2,566 Other 105,060 105,060 43,625 61,435 Total general government \$249,525 \$249,525 \$159,520 \$9,0005 Public Safety \$14,400 \$1,4400 \$0 \$14,400 \$14,400 \$14,400 \$14,400 \$14,400 \$1,400 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					,				
Attorney 8,416 8,416 3,818 4,598 Audit 23,333 23,333 20,767 2,566 Other 105,060 105,060 43,625 61,435 Total general government \$249,525 \$249,525 \$159,520 \$90,005 Public Safety Police and fire \$14,400 \$14,400 \$- \$14,400 Ordinance enforcement 4,033 4,033 363 3,670 Inspections 9,121 9,121 14,474 (5,353) Total public safety \$27,554 \$27,554 \$14,837 \$12,717 Public works \$94,445 \$94,445 \$94,424 \$21 Highways and streets 3,666 3,666 3,266 3,226 440 Street lighting 3,691 3,691 3,974 (283) Total public works \$101,802 \$101,802 \$101,624 \$178 Community and economic development Planning and zoning \$2,917 \$2,917 \$1,591 \$1,326									
Audit Other 23,333 23,333 20,767 2,566 Other 105,060 105,060 43,625 61,435 Total general government \$249,525 \$249,525 \$159,520 \$9,005 Public Safety Police and fire \$14,400 \$14,400 \$- \$14,400 Ordinance enforcement 4,033 4,033 363 3,670 Inspections 9,121 9,121 14,474 (5,353) Total public safety \$27,554 \$27,554 \$14,837 \$12,717 Public works \$94,445 \$94,445 \$94,424 \$21 Highways and streets 3,666 3,666 3,226 440 Street lighting 3,691 3,691 3,974 (283) Total public works \$10,802 \$101,802 \$10,624 \$178 Community and economic development Planning and zoning \$2,917 \$2,917 \$1,591 \$1,326 Recreation and Culture \$8,660 \$8,660 \$17,395 \$(8,735) Debt Service							,		
Other Total general government 105,060 105,060 43,625 61,435 Public Safety 249,525 \$ 249,525 \$ 159,520 \$ 90,005 Public Safety \$ 14,400 \$ 14,400 \$ - \$ 14,400 Ordinance enforcement 4,033 4,033 363 3,670 Inspections 9,121 9,121 14,474 (5,353) Total public safety \$ 27,554 \$ 27,554 \$ 14,837 \$ 12,717 Public works \$ 94,445 \$ 94,445 \$ 94,424 \$ 21 Highways and streets 3,666 3,666 3,226 440 Street lighting 3,691 3,691 3,914 283 Total public works \$ 101,802 \$ 101,802 \$ 101,624 \$ 178 Community and economic development Planning and zoning \$ 2,917 \$ 2,917 \$ 1,591 \$ 1,326 Recreation and Culture \$ 8,660 \$ 8,660 \$ 17,395 \$ 8,735 Principal \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 1,000 \$ 1,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Total general government									
Public Safety Police and fire \$ 14,400 \$ 14,400 \$ - \$ 14,400 \$ 14,400 \$ - \$ 14,400 \$ 12,501 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 14,400 \$ 12,117 \$ 14,400 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$ 12,117 \$		ф.		_		_		Φ.	
Police and fire Ordinance enforcement Ordinance enforcement Ordinance enforcement (4,033) (4,033) (363) (3,670) (3,070) 14,400 (4,033) (4,033) (363) (3,670) (3,070) 14,400 (4,033) (4,033) (363) (3,670) (3,070) 3,670 (4,033) (4,033) (363) (3,670) (4,535) 3,670 (4,033) (4,033) (3,631) (4,033) (4,033) (3,631) (4,033)	Total general government	_\$_	249,525	\$	249,525	\$	159,520	\$	90,005
Ordinance enforcement Inspections 4,033 4,033 363 3,670 Inspections 9,121 9,121 14,474 (5,353) Total public safety \$ 27,554 \$ 27,554 \$ 14,837 \$ 12,717 Public works \$ 94,445 \$ 94,445 \$ 94,424 \$ 21 Highways and streets 3,666 3,666 3,226 440 Street lighting 3,691 3,691 3,974 (283) Total public works \$ 101,802 \$ 101,802 \$ 101,624 \$ 178 Community and economic development Planning and zoning \$ 2,917 \$ 2,917 \$ 1,591 \$ 1,326 Recreation and Culture Parks and recreation \$ 8,660 \$ 8,660 \$ 17,395 \$ (8,735) Debt Service Principal \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ - Interest 6,773 6,773 20,169 (13,396) Total debt service \$ 16,773 \$ 16,773 \$ 30,169 \$ (13,396) Total expenditures \$ (63,680) \$ 10,733 \$ 325,136 </td <td>Public Safety</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Public Safety								
Inspections		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
Total public safety \$ 27,554 \$ 27,554 \$ 14,837 \$ 12,717 Public works									
Public works Separtment of public works \$ 94,445 \$ 94,445 \$ 94,424 \$ 21 Highways and streets 3,666 3,666 3,226 440 Street lighting 3,691 3,691 3,974 (283) Total public works \$ 101,802 \$ 101,802 \$ 101,624 \$ 178 Community and economic development Planning and zoning \$ 2,917 \$ 2,917 \$ 1,591 \$ 1,326 Recreation and Culture Parks and recreation \$ 8,660 \$ 8,660 \$ 17,395 \$ (8,735) Debt Service Principal Interest \$ 10,000	•								
Department of public works	Total public safety	\$	27,554	\$	27,554	\$	14,837	\$	12,717
Highways and streets 3,666 3,666 3,226 440 Street lighting 3,691 3,691 3,974 (283) Total public works \$101,802 \$101,802 \$101,624 \$178 Community and economic development Planning and zoning \$2,917 \$2,917 \$1,591 \$1,326 Recreation and Culture Parks and recreation \$8,660 \$8,660 \$17,395 \$(8,735) Debt Service Principal \$10,000 \$10,000 \$10,000 \$ Interest \$6,773 \$6,773 \$20,169 \$(13,396) Total debt service \$16,773 \$16,773 \$30,169 \$(13,396) Total expenditures \$407,231 \$407,231 \$325,136 \$82,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$(63,680) \$(63,680) \$119,076 \$182,756 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of assets \$1,050 \$1,050 \$ \$(1,050) Net change in fund balance \$(62,630) \$(62,630) \$119,076 \$181,706 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year \$5,060 \$5,060 \$5,060 \$	Public works								
Highways and streets 3,666 3,666 3,226 440 Street lighting 3,691 3,691 3,974 (283) Total public works \$101,802 \$101,802 \$101,624 \$178 Community and economic development Planning and zoning \$2,917 \$2,917 \$1,591 \$1,326 Recreation and Culture Parks and recreation \$8,660 \$8,660 \$17,395 \$(8,735) Debt Service Principal \$10,000 \$10,000 \$10,000 \$ Interest \$6,773 \$6,773 \$20,169 \$(13,396) Total debt service \$16,773 \$16,773 \$30,169 \$(13,396) Total expenditures \$407,231 \$407,231 \$325,136 \$82,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$(63,680) \$(63,680) \$119,076 \$182,756 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of assets \$1,050 \$1,050 \$ \$(1,050) Net change in fund balance \$(62,630) \$(62,630) \$119,076 \$181,706 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year \$5,060 \$5,060 \$5,060 \$	Department of public works	\$	94,445	\$	94,445	\$	94,424	\$	21
Street lighting 3,691 3,691 3,974 (283) Total public works \$ 101,802 \$ 101,802 \$ 101,624 \$ 178 Community and economic development Planning and zoning \$ 2,917 \$ 2,917 \$ 1,591 \$ 1,326 Recreation and Culture Parks and recreation \$ 8,660 \$ 8,660 \$ 17,395 \$ (8,735) Debt Service Principal Interest \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,396 Total debt service Total expenditures \$ 16,773 \$ 6,773 \$ 20,169 (13,396) \$ (13,396) \$ (3,396) \$ 2,917 \$ 30,169 \$ (13,396)					-				440
Community and economic development Planning and zoning									(283)
Planning and zoning \$ 2,917 \$ 2,917 \$ 1,591 \$ 1,326 Recreation and Culture \$ 8,660 \$ 8,660 \$ 17,395 \$ (8,735) Debt Service	Total public works	\$	101,802	\$	101,802	\$	101,624	\$	178
Recreation and Culture Parks and recreation \$ 8,660 \$ 8,660 \$ 17,395 (8,735) Debt Service Principal \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ - Interest 6,773 6,773 20,169 (13,396) Total debt service Total expenditures \$ 16,773 \$ 16,773 \$ 30,169 \$ (13,396) Total expenditures \$ 407,231 \$ 407,231 \$ 325,136 \$ 82,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ (63,680) \$ (63,680) \$ 119,076 \$ 182,756 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of assets \$ 1,050 \$ 1,050 \$ - \$ (1,050) Net change in fund balance \$ (62,630) \$ (62,630) \$ 119,076 \$ 181,706 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,060 5,060 5,060 - -									
Parks and recreation \$ 8,660 \$ 8,660 \$ 17,395 \$ (8,735) Debt Service Principal \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ - Interest 6,773 6,773 20,169 (13,396) Total debt service \$ 16,773 \$ 30,169 \$ (13,396) Total expenditures \$ 407,231 \$ 407,231 \$ 325,136 \$ 82,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ (63,680) \$ 119,076 \$ 182,756 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of assets \$ 1,050 \$ 1,050 \$ - \$ (1,050) Net change in fund balance \$ (62,630) \$ 19,076 \$ 181,706 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,060 5,060 5,060 5,060 - -	Planning and zoning	\$	2,917	\$	2,917	\$	1,591	\$	1,326
Debt Service Principal \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ - Interest 6,773 6,773 20,169 (13,396) Total debt service \$ 16,773 \$ 16,773 \$ 30,169 \$ (13,396) Total expenditures \$ 407,231 \$ 407,231 \$ 325,136 \$ 82,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ (63,680) \$ (63,680) \$ 119,076 \$ 182,756 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 1,050 \$ - \$ (1,050) Proceeds from sale of assets \$ 1,050 \$ 1,050 \$ - \$ (1,050) Net change in fund balance \$ (62,630) \$ (62,630) \$ 119,076 \$ 181,706 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,060 5,060 5,060 -	Recreation and Culture								
Principal \$ 10,000	Parks and recreation	\$	8,660	\$	8,660	\$	17,395	\$	(8,735)
Interest 6,773 6,773 20,169 (13,396) Total debt service \$ 16,773 \$ 16,773 \$ 30,169 \$ (13,396) Total expenditures \$ 407,231 \$ 407,231 \$ 325,136 \$ 82,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ (63,680) \$ (63,680) \$ 119,076 \$ 182,756 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of assets \$ 1,050 \$ 1,050 \$ - \$ (1,050) Net change in fund balance \$ (62,630) \$ (62,630) \$ 119,076 \$ 181,706 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,060 5,060 5,060 - \$ 1000 Total debt service \$ (63,680)	Debt Service								
Interest 6,773 6,773 20,169 (13,396) Total debt service \$ 16,773 \$ 16,773 \$ 30,169 \$ (13,396) Total expenditures \$ 407,231 \$ 407,231 \$ 325,136 \$ 82,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ (63,680) \$ (63,680) \$ 119,076 \$ 182,756 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of assets \$ 1,050 \$ 1,050 \$ - \$ (1,050) Net change in fund balance \$ (62,630) \$ (62,630) \$ 119,076 \$ 181,706 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,060 5,060 5,060 - \$ 1000 Total debt service \$ (63,680)	Principal	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	_
Total debt service \$ 16,773 \$ 16,773 \$ 30,169 \$ (13,396) Total expenditures \$ 407,231 \$ 407,231 \$ 325,136 \$ 82,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ (63,680) \$ (63,680) \$ 119,076 \$ 182,756 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of assets \$ 1,050 \$ - \$ (1,050) Net change in fund balance Fund Balance, Beginning of Year \$ (62,630) \$ (62,630) \$ 119,076 \$ 181,706 Fund Sources (Uses) \$ 5,060 5,060 5,060 - -	•		6,773		-				(13,396)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ (63,680) \$ (63,680) \$ 119,076 \$ 182,756 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of assets \$ 1,050 \$ 1,050 \$ 119,076 \$ 181,706 Net change in fund balance Fund Balance, Beginning of Year \$ (62,630) \$ (62,630) \$ 119,076 \$ 181,706	Total debt service	\$	16,773	\$	16,773	\$	30,169	\$	
(Under) Expenditures \$ (63,680) \$ (63,680) \$ 119,076 \$ 182,756 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 1,050 \$ 1,050 \$ - \$ (1,050) Proceeds from sale of assets \$ (62,630) \$ (62,630) \$ 119,076 \$ 181,706 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,060 5,060 5,060 - -	Total expenditures		407,231	\$	407,231	\$	325,136		82,095
(Under) Expenditures \$ (63,680) \$ (63,680) \$ 119,076 \$ 182,756 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 1,050 \$ 1,050 \$ - \$ (1,050) Proceeds from sale of assets \$ (62,630) \$ (62,630) \$ 119,076 \$ 181,706 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,060 5,060 5,060 - -	Evenss (Deficiency) of Payanues Over								
Proceeds from sale of assets \$ 1,050 \$ 1,050 \$ - \$ (1,050) Net change in fund balance \$ (62,630) \$ (62,630) \$ 119,076 \$ 181,706 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,060 5,060 5,060 -		\$	(63,680)	\$	(63,680)	\$	119,076	\$	182,756
Proceeds from sale of assets \$ 1,050 \$ 1,050 \$ - \$ (1,050) Net change in fund balance \$ (62,630) \$ (62,630) \$ 119,076 \$ 181,706 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,060 5,060 5,060 -	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,060 5,060 -		\$	1,050	\$	1,050	\$		\$	(1,050)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,060 5,060 -	Net change in fund balance	\$	(62,630)	\$	(62,630)	\$	119,076	\$	181,706
									· -
		\$		\$		\$		\$	181,706

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – MAJOR STREET FUND Year Ended March 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Fir	nal Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues							
State grants	\$ 73,966	\$	73,966	\$ 92,626	\$	18,660	
Interest			-	50		50	
Total revenues	\$ 73,966	\$	73,966	\$ 92,676	\$	18,710	
Expenditures							
Public works							
Preservation	\$ 10,204	\$	10,204	\$ 13,072	\$	(2,868)	
Construction	7,930		7,930	27,902		(19,972)	
Winter maintenance	7,093		7,093	2,955		4,138	
Administration	995		995	3,159		(2,164)	
Capital outlay	-		-	68,710		(68,710)	
Total expenditures	\$ 26,222	\$	26,222	\$ 115,798	\$	(89,576)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 47,744	\$	47,744	\$ (23,122)	\$	(70,866)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	203,168		203,168	203,168		-	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 250,912	\$	250,912	\$ 180,046	\$	(70,866)	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – LOCAL STREET FUND Year Ended March 31, 2022

	Original Budget Final Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues		_						
State grants	\$	27,189	\$	27,189	\$	29,223	\$	2,034
Expenditures								
Public works								
Preservation	\$	4,885	\$	4,885	\$	6,179	\$	(1,294)
Winter maintenance		6,144		6,144		1,150		4,994
Administration		597		597		6,372		(5,775)
Capital outlay		-		-		19,415		(19,415)
Total expenditures	\$	11,626	\$	11,626	\$	33,116	\$	(21,490)
Net change in fund balance	\$	15,563	\$	15,563	\$	(3,893)	\$	(19,456)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		23,865		23,865		23,865		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	39,428	\$	39,428	\$	19,972	\$	(19,456)



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS March 31, 2022

	Capital provement Fund	Re	evolving Loan	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 105,000	\$	57,400	\$	162,400	
Receivables						
Notes	-		13,649		13,649	
Due from other governmental funds	-		8,700		8,700	
Total assets	\$ 105,000	\$	79,749	\$	184,749	
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Unearned revenue	\$ -	\$	6,884	\$	6,884	
Total liabilities	\$ 	\$	6,884	\$	6,884	
Fund Balances						
Restricted for						
Community and economic development	\$ -	\$	72,865	\$	72,865	
Capital improvements	105,000		-		105,000	
Total fund balances	\$ 105,000	\$	72,865	\$	177,865	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 105,000	\$	79,749	\$	184,749	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended March 31, 2022

					Total	
	Ca	Nonmajor				
	Impro	Gov	Governmental			
	F	'und	 Loan	Funds		
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$	-	\$ 734	\$	734	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	\$ 734	\$	734	
Fund Balances, beginning of year		105,000	 72,131		177,131	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	105,000	\$ 72,865	\$	177,865	

Management Compliance Letter



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Village Council Village of Baroda Berrien County, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of Baroda, Michigan (the "Village") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 19, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and a significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be material weaknesses (Findings 2022-001, 2022-002, and 2022-003).

A *significant deficiency*, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as 2022-004 to be a significant deficiency.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2022-005.

Village of Baroda's Response to Findings

The Village's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Village's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted.

Certified Public Accountants

St. Joseph, Michigan October 19, 2022

SECTION I - CURRENT YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

2022-001 – Preparation of Financial Statements (Material Weakness)

<u>Specific Requirement</u>: Establishment and maintenance of internal controls over the financial reporting process.

<u>Criteria</u>: The Village is required to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). This is a responsibility of the Village's management. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data (i.e. maintaining internal books and records), and (2) reporting financial statements, including the related footnotes (i.e., external financial reporting).

<u>Condition</u>: As is the case with many smaller-sized entities, the Village has relied on its independent auditors to assist in the preparation of the financial statements and footnotes as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the Village's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered a part of the Village's internal controls.

<u>Cause</u>: The Village does not staff individuals with appropriate expertise to prepare complete financial statements in compliance with GAAP.

<u>Effect of Condition</u>: The effect of this condition places a reliance on the independent auditor to be part of the Village's internal controls over financial reporting.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The Village should review and implement the necessary education and procedural activities to monitor and report annual financial activity.

<u>View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:</u> We are aware of this deficiency. However, due to budgetary constraints, we have not developed these processes. We intend to re-evaluate if additional funding becomes available.

SECTION I - CURRENT YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS, CONTINUED

2022-002 – Material Audit Adjustments (Material Weakness)

<u>Specific Requirement</u>: Establishment and maintenance of internal controls over the financial reporting process.

<u>Criteria</u>: The Village is required to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). This is a responsibility of the Village's management. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data (i.e. maintaining internal books and records), and (2) reporting financial statements, including the related footnotes (i.e., external financial reporting).

<u>Condition</u>: During the course of our audit, we identified misstatements in certain accounts that were considered to be material. These included adjustments to beginning fund balance, taxes receivable, and revenues and expenditures that were netted together. All such misstatements have been corrected.

<u>Cause</u>: The Village does not staff individuals with appropriate expertise to perform the necessary record keeping in order to ensure the books at year end accurately reflect the current year's activity.

<u>Effect of Condition</u>: The Village's accounting records were initially misstated by amounts material to the financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The Village should review and implement the necessary education and procedural activities to monitor and report annual financial activity.

<u>View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:</u> We are aware of this deficiency. However, due to budgetary constraints, we have not developed these processes. We intend to re-evaluate if additional funding becomes available.

SECTION I - CURRENT YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS, CONTINUED

2022-003 - Bank Reconciliations (Material Weakness)

<u>Specific Requirement</u>: Establishment and maintenance of internal controls over the financial reporting process.

<u>Criteria</u>: Management is responsible for the preparation of bank reconciliations as an integral part of the internal control structure. The reconciliations should be accurately and timely prepared and reviewed by appropriate individuals on a monthly basis.

<u>Condition</u>: During the course of our audit, we noted bank reconciliations for the Village's bank accounts had not been performed in a timely manner.

<u>Cause</u>: The previous Clerk did not routinely perform bank reconciliations, and did not properly track cash flow.

<u>Effect of Condition</u>: Bank reconciliations were not performed regularly until the Village contracted with a third party to take over bookkeeping services. This contractor had to start reconciling cash starting prior to the previous fiscal year end to mitigate the problem.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We would recommend that Village Management keep current on the reconciliations being balanced timely. We also would recommend that Village Management include in the monthly Village Council meeting packet the bank reconciliations and support. This would bring in extra oversight over the cash transaction class.

<u>View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:</u> The Village agrees with the above recommendation.

SECTION I - CURRENT YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS, CONTINUED

2022-004 – Segregation of Incompatible Accounting Duties (Significant Deficiency)

<u>Specific Requirement</u>: The Village lacks an appropriate segregation of certain incompatible duties with appropriate control objectives.

<u>Criteria</u>: The Village should devise an organizational structure that will enable them to appropriately segregate incompatible accounting functions.

<u>Condition</u>: The Village lacks an appropriate segregation of certain incompatible duties with appropriate control objectives.

Cause: Limitations on number of accounting and finance personnel.

<u>Effect of Condition</u>: The effect of this condition subjects the Village to increased risk of misstatements within the financial statements and misappropriation of assets.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The Village should devise an organizational structure that will enable them to appropriately segregate incompatible accounting functions.

<u>View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:</u> We are aware of this deficiency. However, given the size of our entity and our available resources, it is difficult to provide for appropriate segregation of incompatible duties for all accounting functions. We will evaluate available options to administer limited segregation of duties for key accounting functions and ensure the continued close oversight by the Village Council.

SECTION I - CURRENT YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS, CONCLUDED

2022-005 - Budget Variances (Compliance with Laws and Regulations)

Specific Requirement: Compliance with laws and regulations.

<u>Criteria</u>: The Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (the "Act") establishes budgeting requirements for local units of government. Noncompliance with the Act includes, but is not limited to, expenditures that are in excess of budgeted expenditures as authorized by the Village Council.

<u>Condition</u>: The Village's expenditures were in excess of the budgeted amount in the Major and Local Streets Funds.

Effect of Condition: The effect of this condition is a violation of the Act.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The Village should update its budgeting and budget monitoring processes to ensure compliance with provisions of the Act. If, during the year, the Village's expenditures and/or other financing uses are in excess of amounts currently budgeted and authorized by the Village Council, the Village should amend its budget accordingly.

<u>View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:</u> The Village has addressed this finding, and, in the current year, Village personnel and the Village Council are closely monitoring budget to actual reports.